13299) a Notice of Public Hearing Relating to Failure to Disclose Foreign Origin on Radios, Televisions, Phonographs, Tape Recorders, and Component Parts Thereof. Interested parties were afforded opportunity to submit written data, views, or arguments and to be heard at a public hearing. Pursuant to such notice, the public hearing was held in Washington on December 6, 1965.

The Commission will hold an adjourned hearing on January 5, 1966, commencing at 10 a.m., e.s.t., in Room 532, Federal Trade Commission Building, at which time interested or affected parties may orally express their views in the matter. Parties desiring to be heard at that time should inform the Secretary, Federal Trade Commission, not later than December 29, 1965. The time for presenting written data, views, or arguments is hereby extended to January 5, 1966.

The data, views, or arguments presented orally or in writing will be available for examination by interested parties at the Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C.

Issued: December 10, 1965.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 65-13272; Filed, Dec. 10, 1965; 8:46 a.m.]

DISCLOSURE OF FOREIGN ORIGIN OF WATCHES, ETC.

Opportunity To Present Data, Views, or Arguments

Notice is hereby given that the Federal Trade Commission will hold a public hearing on Friday, January 7, 1966, commencing at 10 a.m., e.s.t., in Room 532, Federal Trade Commission Building, Sixth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D.C., at which time and place all interested and affected parties may verbally present data, views, arguments, and suggestions relevant to the disclosure of the foreign origin of watches, watch cases, watch movements, watch bands, and parts thereof, marketed in the United States of America. Written data, views, arguments, and suggestions will also be considered if mailed to the Secretary, Federal Trade Commission, Sixth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C., 20580, on or before January 3, 1966. Persons submitting written presentations exceeding 2 pages should file 12 copies thereof, and persons desiring to make verbal presentations at the hearing on January 7, 1966, should notify the Secretary of the Commission to this effect, with an estimate of the time required for his verbal presentation, not later than January 3, 1966.

The purpose of this hearing is to afford the Commission the benefit of the views of all concerned to assist it in reaching a determination as to what action, if any, the Commission should take in the public interest under the statutes administered by it.

To assist the Commission information and suggestions on the following points are desired.

1. The approximate number of watches being sold annually in the United States, and an approximation of the percentage thereof having jeweled movements and the percentage having pin lever movements.

2. With respect to movements assembled in the United States, an approximation of the number, types, and value of component parts which are of foreign manufacture; and with respect to watches or movements assembled in the Virgin Islands, an approximation of the numbers, types and value of component parts (including cases and dials) which are of foreign origin, broken down by country of origin; an approximation of the watches and movements entering the United States from the Virgin Islands, and an approximation of the percentage of the movements contained in such watches which were assembled in the Virgin Islands.

(NOTE. Such estimates should separately specify the percentage of jeweled watches and those of the pin lever type.)

3. Whether the purchasing public has a preference for watches having movements made in the United States (1) over those made in any foreign country, or (2) over those made in any foreign country except Switzerland.

4. Identification of the parts of watch cases, and of the principal and more important parts of watch movements. How many parts are involved in the assembly of men's jeweled wrist watches of the usual design and size?

5. Should there be requirement of disclosure of the fact that one or more parts of a watch movement are of foreign manufacture? If so, how can this be accomplished with likely notice of the disclosure to the purchasing public prior to consummation of purchases, and in a manner which will assure of the disclosure carrying through to purchasers and prospective purchasers.

6. Whether there should be requirement of disclosure of the fact that a watch has a case or part thereof made in a foreign country.

7. Is it important to consumer purchasers of watches whether the movements, or parts of movements, of such watches have been made in a foreign country; or have been made by an American or foreign manufacture? What is to be regarded as the country of origin of a watch movement?

Interested persons are invited to submit any information pertinent to these matters or other aspects of the subject.

The data, views, or arguments presented orally or in writing will be available for examination by interested parties at the Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C.

The public hearing which will be held on January 7, 1966, will be before the full Commission.

Issued: December 10, 1965.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 65-13327; Filed, Dec. 10, 1965; 8:47 a.m.]

INTERAGENCY TEXTILE ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE

CERTAIN COTTON TEXTILE PRODUCTS PRODUCED OR MANUFACTURED IN POLAND

Levels of Restraint

DECEMBER 2, 1965.

On November 30, 1965, the U.S. Government, in furtherance of the objectives of, and under the terms of, the Long Term Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Cotton Textiles done at Geneva on February 9, 1962, including Article 6 relating to nonparticipants, informed the Government of Poland that it was renewing for an additional 12-month period, through December 3, 1966, the arrangements in effect between the two governments on the export of cotton textile products in Categories 19, 26, 28, and 34 produced or manufactured in Poland.

There is published below a letter of December 2, 1965, from the Chairman, President's Cabinet Textile Advisory Committee, to the Commissioner of Customs, directing that the amount in Categories 19, 26, 28, and 34 of cotton textile products produced or manufactured in Poland, which may be entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption in the United States from December 4, 1965, through December 3, 1966, be limited to designated levels.

STANLEY NEHMER,
Chairman, Interagency Textile Administrative Committee, and Deputy Assistant Secretary for Resources.

THE SECRETARY OF COMMERCE

PRESIDENT'S CABINET TEXTILE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Washington, D.C.
December 2, 1965.

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS,
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. COMMISSIONER: Under the terms of the Long Term Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Cotton Textiles done at Geneva on February 9, 1962, including Article 6 relating to nonparticipants, and in accordance with the procedures outlined in Executive Order 11052 of September 28, 1962, you are directed to prohibit, effective December 4, 1965, and for the 12-month period extending through December 3, 1966, entry into the United States for consumption, and withdrawal from warehouse for consumption, of cotton textile products in Categories 19, 26, 28, and 34 produced or manufactured in Poland, in excess of the following levels of restraint: