such actions, (3) any disposition of such products since December 15, 1969, and (4) any action taken or proposed to be taken to flameproof or destroy such products and the results of such action.

It is further ordered, That respondents notify the Commission at least thirty (30) days after any proposed change in the corporate respondent such as dissolution, assignment or sale resulting in the emergence of a successor corporation, the creation or dissolution of subsidiaries or any other change in the corporation which may affect compliance obligations arising out of the order.

It is further ordered, That the respondent corporation shall forthwith distribute a copy of this order to each of its operating divisions.

It is further ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: November 2, 1970.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 70-16969; Filed, Dec. 16, 1970; 8:50 a.m.]

[Docket No. C-1817]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Washington Careers, Inc., et al.

Subpart—Advertising falsely or misleadingly: § 13.15 *Business status, advantages or connections:* 13.15–30 Connections or arrangements with others; § 13.270 *Size and extent;* § 13.115 *Jobs and employment service;* § 13.170 *Qualities or properties of product or service:* 13.170–35 Educational, informative, training. Subpart—Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Business status, advantages or connections: § 13.1395 *Connections and arrangements with others;* § 13.1555 *Size, extent or equipment;* Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods: § 13.1670 *Jobs and employment;* § 13.1710 *Qualities or properties.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interprets or applies sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Washington Careers, Inc., et al., Washington, D.C., Docket C-1817, Nov. 5, 1970]

In the Matter of Washington Careers, Inc., a Corporation, Trading as Juliet Gibson Career College and Finishing School, and Richard A. Parrott and R. Wade Murphree, Individually and as Officers of Said Corporation

Consent order requiring a Washington, D.C., school of fashion merchandising, professional modeling and secretarial skills to cease misrepresenting that it is affiliated with the Juliet Gibson Corp. or any nationwide chain, misrepresenting its placement and tutoring facilities, failing to disclose additional obligations connected with its courses, misrepresenting that its courses qualify students to be airline hostesses, and misrepresenting that its curriculum or methods of instruction are on the college level.

The order to cease and desist, including further order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondents Richard A. Parrott, and R. Wade Murphree individually and their agents, representatives and employees in connection with the advertising, offering for sale, sale or distribution of any course of instruction or any other service or product, in commerce as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Representing, directly or by implication, that respondents are associated or affiliated with, or are a franchisee of Juliet Gibson Corp.; or misrepresenting, in any manner, respondents' trade or business connections, associations, affiliations or identity.

2. Representing, directly or by implication, that respondents are a part of a national corporation, or that they are a part of a nationwide chain which operates career schools in major cities in the United States; or misrepresenting, in any manner, the size, scope, or extent of respondents' business.

3. Representing, directly or by implication, that respondents' school or respondents' courses have been accredited, unless such is the fact.

4. Misrepresenting, in any manner, the building or facilities which respondents have or made available for student use.

5. Representing, directly or by implication, that respondents provide a placement service which places a significant number of students or graduates in positions for which they have been trained unless such is the fact; or misrepresenting, in any manner, their capabilities or facilities for assisting students or graduates in finding employment, or the assistance actually afforded students or graduates in obtaining employment.

6. Representing, directly or by implication, availability of jobs or the positions available to graduates of respondents' school as the result of the training afforded the students by respondents unless such is the fact.

7. Representing, directly or by implication, that individual tutoring will be provided to those students having difficulty with their classwork upon request unless such is the fact; or misrepresenting, in any manner, the assistance provided students during their enrollment at respondents' school.

8. Representing, directly or by implication, that there is any urgency or need for haste in enrolling in any class unless such is the fact; or that enrollment in any class will not be permitted after a class has commenced, unless respondents refuse in every instance to allow enrollment after commencement of a class.

9. Advertising or soliciting enrollment in any course of instruction when there is any limitation or additional obligation imposed or attempted to be imposed upon enrollment in that course without clearly disclosing such limitation or additional obligation in any advertisement and during any solicitation.

10. Representing, directly or by implication, that the subjects taught by respondents are equivalent to college level subjects, unless such is the fact; or misrepresenting, in any manner, the level of training afforded students through any subject or course of instruction, or the comparability of any subject or course of instruction given by respondents with any other school.

11. Representing, directly or by implication, that students will receive instruction in conversational Spanish or that students will receive training through practical exercise in fencing or modern dance unless such is the fact; or misrepresenting, in any other manner, the curriculum, subjects, method of instruction or training that students receive.

12. Representing, directly or by implication, that respondents offer courses of instruction which qualify students to be airline stewardesses; or misrepresenting in any manner, the position or positions which a student will be qualified for as the result of attending any course which respondents offer.

13. Failing to deliver a copy of this order to cease and desist to all present and future salesmen or other persons engaged in the sale of respondents' courses or services, and failing to secure from each such salesman or other person a signed statement acknowledging receipt of said order.

It is further ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: November 5, 1970.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 70-16970; Filed, Dec. 16, 1970; 8:50 a.m.]

SUBCHAPTER E—RULES, REGULATIONS, STATEMENTS OF GENERAL POLICY OR INTERPRETATION AND EXEMPTIONS UNDER THE FAIR PACKAGING AND LABELING ACT

PART 501—EXEMPTIONS FROM REQUIREMENTS AND PROHIBITIONS UNDER PART 500

Paper Table Covers, Sheets, and Pillow Cases

The Federal Trade Commission on October 8, 1970 (35 F.R. 15843), proposed § 501.5 of the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act regulations which would exempt table covers, bed sheets, and pillow cases fabricated from paper from certain mandatory requirements of § 500.12 of the regulations. As proposed, paper table covers, bed sheets, and pillow cases would not be required to express area or dimensions in largest whole units of length and width, but would require these commodities to express actual length and width in inches. This is in keeping with the convention of measuring textile articles of the same categories in inches.

In response to the invitation to comments suggested that the proposed exemption be extended to these commodities when fabricated from textiles,

plastics, or fiberglass. It is to be noted that textiles in general are already outside the scope of the definition of "consumer commodity" and thus excluded from coverage under the Act. Likewise, plastic table cloths (covers) are also not "consumer commodities" within the meaning of the Act. A fiberglass table cover would be considered a durable commodity. Thus, the Commission notes there is no necessity to extend the proposed § 501.5 to embrace more than the defined subjects fabricated from paper.

Having considered the comments and all relevant data, the Commission has concluded that the exemption as proposed should be adopted without changes.

Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act (sections 5, 6, 80 Stat. 1298, 1299, 1300; 15 U.S.C. 1454, 1455), Part 501 of Subchapter E is amended by adding the following new section:

§ 501.5 Paper table covers, bedsheets, pillowcases.

Table covers, bedsheets, and pillowcases, fabricated from paper, are exempt from the requirements of § 500.12 of this chapter which specifies the expression of measurement of bidimensional commodities: *Provided*, That such commodities shall clearly present their actual length and width in terms of inches.

Any person who will be adversely affected by the foregoing order may at any time within 30 days from the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, file with the Secretary, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C. 20580, written objections thereto, specifying with particularity the provisions of the order deemed objectionable, stating the grounds therefor, and requesting a public hearing upon such objections. Objections will be deemed sufficient to warrant the holding of a public hearing only: (1) If they establish that the objector will be adversely affected by the order; (2) if they specify with particularity the provisions of the order to which objection is taken; and (3) if they are supported by reasonable grounds which if valid and factually supported may be adequate to justify the relief sought. Anyone who files objections which are not deemed by the Commission sufficient to warrant the holding of a public hearing will be promptly notified of that determination.

As soon as practicable after the time for filing objections has expired, the Commission will publish a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER specifying those parts of the order which have been stayed by the filing of objections or, if no objections sufficient to warrant the holding of a public hearing have been filed, stating the fact. This order shall become effective 30 days following the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, except as to any provision that may be stayed by the filing of valid objections.

Issued: December 10, 1970.

By direction of the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 70-16905; Filed, Dec. 16, 1970; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 13—BUSINESS CREDIT AND ASSISTANCE

Chapter I—Small Business Administration

PART 121—SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS

Definition of Terms "Annual Sales" and "Annual Receipts"

On October 8, 1970, there was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (35 F.R. 15844), a notice that the Small Business Administration proposed to change the definition of the terms "annual sales" and "annual receipts" as used in various definitions of small business in Part 121.

Interested parties were given 15 days in which to submit written statements of facts, opinions and arguments concerning the proposed changes. After consideration of all comments submitted and all other relevant matter in connection with the proposal it has been determined to adopt the changes as proposed.

Accordingly the amendment set forth below is hereby adopted:

Part 121 of Chapter I of Title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations is hereby amended by:

1. Substituting the term "annual receipts" for the terms "annual sales" and "annual sales or receipts" wherever they appear in various definitions of small business, and

2. Revising § 121.3-2(b) to read as follows:

§ 121.3-2 Definition of terms used in this part.

* * * * *

(b) "Annual receipts" means the gross income (less returns and allowances, sales of fixed assets and interaffiliate transactions) of a concern (and its affiliates) from sales of products and services, interest, rents, fees, commissions, and/or from whatever other source derived, as entered on its regular books of account for its most recently completed fiscal year (whether on a cash, accrual, completed contracts, percentage of completion, or other acceptable accounting basis) and reported or to be reported to the U.S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service, for Federal income tax purposes.

* * * * *

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective thirty (30) days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER provided however that, for the purpose of Government procurement, it shall apply only to procurements for which invitations for bids or request for proposals are issued on or after such effective date.

Dated: December 10, 1970.

HILARY SANDOVAL, JR., *Administrator.*

[F.R. Doc. 70-16952; Filed, Dec. 16, 1970; 8:48 a.m.]

Title 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter X—Interstate Commerce Commission

SUBCHAPTER A—GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

[Ex Parte No. MC-19 (Sub-No. 11)]

PART 1056—TRANSPORTATION OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS IN INTERSTATE OR FOREIGN COMMERCE

Practices of Motor Common Carriers of Household Goods

Order. At a General Session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, held at its office in Washington, D.C., on the 18th day of November 1970.

It appearing, that by petition filed June 16, 1970, in Ex Parte No. MC-19 (Sub-No. 11), American Movers Conference requests the Commission to institute a rulemaking proceeding for the purpose of amending 49 CFR 1056.3, 1056.6(a)(1) and (b), 1056.7, 1056.8 (a) and (b), 1056.9(a) (3) and (5), 1056.10(b)(1), and 1056.11;

It further appearing, that investigation of the matters and things involved in these proceedings has been made and that the Commission has made and filed its report herein containing its findings of facts and conclusions thereon, which report is hereby referred to and made a part hereof:

It is ordered, That the petition in Ex Parte No. MC-19 (Sub-No. 11) be, and it is hereby, denied.

It is further ordered, That, on the Commission's own motion, the following section of Part 1056 of Chapter X of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Transportation of Household Goods in Interstate or Foreign Commerce, be, and it is hereby, supplemented and modified so as to add after § 1056.11(b)(12) the following:

§ 1056.11 Vehicle-load manifest; information required.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(13) Each motor common carrier may, at its option, increase or decrease the number of horizontal lines in part B of the form specified herein: *Provided, however*, That the number of horizontal lines in such part shall not be less than 16 nor more than 35.

It is further ordered, That the amendment specified in the next preceding paragraph be, and it is hereby, prescribed to become effective November 1970, and will apply only on household goods removed from the shipper's premises on and after the said effective date.

And it is further ordered, That notice of this order shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy thereof in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D.C., and by filing a copy with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ROBERT L. OSWALD, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 70-16973; Filed, Dec. 16, 1970; 8:50 a.m.]