study-abroad program) on which the responsibility of the sponsoring institution to ensure that participants abroad are provided with meals, sleeping accommodations, and return transportation ceases.

5. Section 373.15, *Surety Bond*, is amended by inserting the phrase "or in § 373.10a," in paragraph (b), and by deleting the proviso at the end of the section, to read as follows:

§ 373.15 Surety bond.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, or in § 373.10a, the study group charterer shall * * *

* * * * *

(d) The bond required by this section shall provide that unless the student participant files a claim with the study group charterer, or, if he is unavailable, with the surety, within sixty (60) days after termination of the study group charter, the surety shall be released from all liability under the bond to such student participant. The contract between the study group charterer and the student participant shall contain notice of this provision.

(Sec. 101, 204, 401 and 402, Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 737, 743, 754, and 757) (49 U.S.C. 1301, 1324, 1371, and 1372).)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board:

JAMES R. DERSTINE,
Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.76-36717 Filed 12-13-76;8:45 am]

SUBCHAPTER E—ORGANIZATION REGULATIONS

[Reg. OR-104, Amdt. 50]

PART 385—DELEGATION AND REVIEW OF ACTION UNDER DELEGATION; NON-HEARING MATTERS

Delegation To Associate General Counsel, Rules, To Extend Time to Answer Petitions for Rulemaking

Correction

In FR Doc. 76-34271, appearing on page 51033 in the issue of Friday, November 19, 1976, the bracket number in the heading should read as set forth above.

Title 16—Commercial Practices

CHAPTER I—FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

SUBCHAPTER A—ORGANIZATION, PROCEDURES AND RULES OF PRACTICE

PART 0—ORGANIZATION

PART 5—STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

Organization; Standards of Conduct

Pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 552 (a)(1)(A), and in consideration of the recommendations of the Administrative Conference of the United States published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on July 19, 1976, (41 FR 29653, 1 CFR 305.76-2), for strengthening the information and notice-giving functions of the FEDERAL REGISTER, the Commission announces the following amendments to 16 CFR Chapter I, effective December 14, 1976. The Standards of Conduct now appearing under Part 0 are being transferred to Part 5 and renumbered, and the organization of the Commission is being codified under Part 0.

1. The Title of Subchapter A of Chapter I of 16 CFR is amended to read as set forth above:

2. Part 0 of 16 CFR is redesignated as Part 5 and renumbered as follows:

Subpart A—General Provisions

Old part number:	*New part number*
0.735-1	5.1
0.735-2	5.2
0.735-3	5.3
0.735-4	5.4
0.735-5	5.5
0.735-6	5.6
0.735-7	5.7
0.735-8	5.8

Subpart B—Ethical and Other Conduct and Responsibilities of Employees

0.735-10	5.10
0.735-11	5.11
0.735-12	5.12
0.735-13	5.13
0.735-14	5.14
0.735-15	5.15
0.735-16	5.16
0.735-17	5.17
0.735-18	5.18

Subpart C—Ethical and Other Conduct and Responsibilities of Special Government Employees

0.735-21	5.21
0.735-22	5.22
0.735-23	5.23
0.735-24	5.24
0.735-25	5.25
0.735-26	5.26

Subpart D—Statements of Employment and Financial Interests

0.735-31	5.31
0.735-32	5.32
0.735-33	5.33
0.735-34	5.34
0.735-35	5.35
0.735-36	5.36
0.735-37	5.37
0.735-38	5.38
0.735-39	5.39
0.735-40	5.40
0.735-41	5.41
0.735-42	5.42

Subpart E—Statutory Disqualification and Provision for Exemptions Thereto

0.735-51	5.51
0.735-52	5.52

3. A new Part 0 is added to 16 CFR to read as follows:

Sec.
0.1 The Commission.
0.2 Official address.
0.3 Hours.
0.4 Laws administered.
0.5 Meetings.
0.6 Quorum.
0.7 Delegation of functions.
0.8 The Chairman.
0.9 Organization structure.
0.10 Office of the Executive Director.
0.11 Office of the General Counsel.
0.12 Office of the Secretary.
0.13 Office of Policy Planning and Evaluation.
0.14 Office of Administrative Law Judges.
0.15 Bureau of Competition.
0.16 Bureau of Consumer Protection.
0.17 Bureau of Economics.
0.18 The Regional Offices.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 6(g), 38 Stat. 721 (15 U.S.C. 46); 80 Stat. 383, as amended (5 U.S.C. 552).

§ 0.1 The Commission.

The Federal Trade Commission is an independent administrative agency which was organized in 1915 pursuant to the Federal Trade Commission Act of 1914 (38 Stat. 717, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 41-58. It is responsible for the administration of a variety of statutes which, in general, are designed to promote competition and to protect the public from unfair and deceptive acts and practices in the advertising and marketing of goods and services. It is composed of five members appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate for terms of seven years.

§ 0.2 Official address.

The principal office of the Commission is at Washington, D.C. All communications to the Commission should be addressed to the Federal Trade Commission, Pennsylvania Avenue and Sixth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20580, unless otherwise specifically directed.

§ 0.3 Hours.

Principal and field offices are open on each business day from 8:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.

§ 0.4 Laws administered.

The Commission exercises enforcement and administrative authority under the Federal Trade Commission Act (38 Stat. 717, as amended (15 U.S.C. 41-58)), the Clayton Act (38 Stat 730, as amended (15 U.S.C. 12-27)), the Export Trade Act (40 Stat. 516, as amended (15 U.S.C. 61-65)), the Packers and Stockyards Act (42 Stat. 159, as amended (7 U.S.C. 181-229)), the Wool Products Labeling Act (54 Stat. 1128, as amended (15 U.S.C. 68-68j)), the Trade Mark Act (60 Stat. 427, as amended (15 U.S.C. 1051-72)), the Fur Products Labeling Act (65 Stat. 175, as amended (15 U.S.C. 69-69j)), the Textile Fiber Products Identification Act (72 Stat. 1717, as amended (15 U.S.C. 70-70k)), the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act (79 Stat. 282, as amended (15 U.S.C. 1331-39)), the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act (80 Stat. 1296, as amended (15 U.S.C. 1451-61)), the Truth in Lending Act (82 Stat. 146, as amended (15 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)), the Fair Credit Reporting Act (84 Stat. 1128 (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.)), the Fair Credit Billing Act (88 Stat. 1511; (15 U.S.C. 1666)), the Equal Credit Opportunity Act (88 Stat. 1521, as amended (15 U.S.C. 1691)), Hobby Protection Act (87 Stat. 686 (15 U.S.C. 2101)), the Magnuson-Moss Warranty—Federal Trade Commission Improvement Act (88 Stat. 2183 (15 U.S.C. 2301-12, 45-58)), the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (89 Stat. 871 (42 U.S.C. 6291)), the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 (90 Stat. 1383 (15 U.S.C. 1311)), and other Federal statutes.

§ 0.5 Meetings.

(a) The Commission may meet and exercise all its powers at anyplace, and

may, by one or more of its members or by such representatives as it may designate, prosecute any inquiry necessary to its duties in any part of the United States.

(b) Meetings of the Commission are held as ordered by the Commission and unless otherwise ordered, are held at the principal office of the Commission, Pennsylvania Avenue and Sixth Street, NW., Washington, D.C. Hearings before the Commission, except when the Commission is in executive session, are public, unless otherwise ordered.

§ 0.6 Quorum.

A majority of the members of the Commission constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.

§ 0.7 Delegation of functions.

The Commission, under the authority provided by Reorganization Plan No. 4 of 1961, may delegate, by published order or rule, certain of its functions to a division of the Commission, an individual Commissioner, an administrative law judge, or an employee or employee board.

§ 0.8 The Chairman.

(a) The Chairman of the Commission is designated by the President, and, subject to the general policies of the Commission, is the executive and administrative head of the agency. He presides at meetings of and hearings before the Commission and participates with other Commissioners in all Commission decisions. Attached to the Office of the Chairman, and reporting directly to him, and through him to the Commission, is the following staff unit:

(b) The Office of Public Information furnishes information concerning Commission activities to news media and the public.

§ 0.9 Organization structure.

The Federal Trade Commission comprises the following principal units:

Office of the Executive Director.
Office of the General Counsel.
Office of the Secretary.
Office of Policy Planning and Evaluation.
Office of Administrative Law Judges.
Bureau of Competition.
Bureau of Consumer Protection.
Bureau of Economics.
The Regional Offices.

§ 0.10 Office of the Executive Director.

(a) The Executive Director, under the direction of the Chairman, is the chief operating official. He exercises executive and administrative supervision over all the offices, bureaus, and staff of the Commission, and, in coordination with the Office of Policy Planning and Evaluation, resolves problems concerning priorities in case handling. Immediately under his direction is the Assistant Executive Director for Management.

(b) The Assistant Executive Director for Management functions as staff adviser to the Executive Director in all aspects of administrative management; provides administrative policy guidance to agency management and provides general supervision to the programs of management analysis and organization, personnel, budget and finance, data processing, and administrative service activities; initiates and develops long-range plans to assure that the Commission acquires and effectively utilizes the manpower, financial resources, physical facilities and management tools necessary to accomplish its mission.

§ 0.11 Office of the General Counsel.

The General Counsel is the Commission's chief law officer and adviser. He renders necessary legal services to the Commission, represents the Commission in the Federal and State Courts, advises the Commission with respect to questions of law and policy, including advice with respect to legislative matters, assists businessmen in obtaining advice from the Commission as to the legal propriety of proposed courses of action in particular situations under the statutes which it administers, cooperates with and assists State and local officials in the efforts to eliminate local and national trade restraints, and coordinates all liaison activities with Congress.

§ 0.12 Office of the Secretary.

The Secretary is responsible for the minutes of Commission meetings and is the legal custodian of the Commission's seal, property, papers, and records, including legal and public records. He, or in his absence an Acting Secretary designated by the Commission, signs Commission orders and official correspondence, and coordinates all liaison activities with the executive and administrative government departments and agencies. The office of the Secretary maintains a current index of opinions, orders, statements of policy and interpretations, staff manuals and instructions that affect any member of the public, and other public records of the Commission; makes available for inspection and copying all public records of the Commission; is responsible for publication of all Commission action which must appear in the FEDERAL REGISTER and publication of the Federal Trade Commission Decisions and the Statutes and Court Decisions involving the Commission; maintains the Commission's procedures and rules of practice; and screens incoming correspondence addressed to the Commission, provides acknowledgments and replies to the extent appropriate and practicable, and routes correspondence requiring more specialized or detailed attention to the appropriate offices and bureaus for reply.

§ 0.13 Office of Policy Planning and Evaluation.

This office is responsible for the development of studies and reports with recommendations directly to the Commission with respect to how and where its resources should be utilized in order to best serve the public interest. This office works closely with the Office of the Executive Director and with the bureau directors in evaluating and coordinating the overall work of the Commission and in developing its budgetary requirements. Its functions include particularly the systematic review of Commission planning procedures, and of specific policies and programs, with emphasis on initiation and evaluation, so as to make informed recommendations with respect to each important area of Commission activity.

§ 0.14 Office of Administrative Law Judges.

Administrative law judges are officials to whom the Commission, in accordance with law, delegates the initial performance of its adjudicative fact-finding functions to be exercised in conformity with Commission decisions and policy directives and with its rules of practice. Administrative law judges are appointed under the authority and subject to the prior approval of the Civil Service Commission.

§ 0.15 Bureau of Competition.

This bureau is responsible for enforcing federal antitrust and trade regulation laws under section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, the Clayton Act, and a number of other special statutes which the Commission is charged with enforcing. The bureau work aims to preserve the free market system and assure the unfettered operation of the forces of supply and demand. Its activities seek to ensure price competition, quality products and services and efficient operation of the national economy. The bureau carries out its responsibilities by investigating alleged law violations, and recommending to the Commission such further action as may be appropriate. Such action may include injunctive relief in Federal District Court, complaint and litigation before the agency's administrative law judges, formal nonadjudicative settlement of complaints, trade regulation rules, or reports. The bureau also conducts compliance investigations and initiates proceedings for civil penalties to assure compliance with final Commission orders dealing with competition and trade restraint matters.

§ 0.16 Bureau of Consumer Protection.

This bureau investigates potentially unfair or deceptive acts or practices under section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act as well as potential violations of numerous special statutes which the Commission is charged with enforcing. It prosecutes before the agency's administrative law judges alleged violations of law after issuance of a complaint by the Commission or obtains through negotiation consented-to orders, which must be accepted and issued by the Commission. The bureau conducts ruemaking proceedings to define with specificity, in trade regulation rules issued by the Commission, acts or practices which are violations of section 5. To that end, presiding officers are designated with the responsibility for the orderly conduct of such rulemaking proceedings. It investigates compliance with final orders and trade regulation rules and seeks civil penalties or consumer redress for their

violation. In addition, the bureau seeks to educate both consumers and the business community about the laws it enforces.

§ 0.17 Bureau of Economics.

This bureau aids and advises the Commission concerning the economic aspects of all of its functions, and is responsible for the preparation of various economic reports and surveys. The bureau provides economic and statistical assistance to the enforcement bureaus in the investigation and trial of cases. It also carries on a continuing financial reporting program for the primary purpose of supplying authoritative statistics concerning the financial characteristics of different groups of industries and of various classes of manufacturing corporations.

§ 0.18 The Regional Offices.

(a) These offices are investigatory arms of the Commission, and, with respect to matters of a regional nature, have responsibility for investigational, trial, compliance, and consumer educational activities as delegated by the Commission. Each regional office has general responsibility for its own activities and for the smaller offices, designated as field stations, located in its area of responsibility. They are under the general supervision of the Office of the Executive Director, and clear their activities through the appropriate operating bureaus.

(b) The addresses of the respective regional offices, and of the field stations located in the area of each are as follows:

(1) *Atlanta Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, Room 1000, 1718 Peachtree Street, N.W., Atlanta, GA 30309.

(2) *Boston Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, Room 1301, 150 Causeway Street, Boston, MA 02114.

(3) *Chicago Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, Suite 1437, 55 East Monroe Street, Chicago, IL 60603.

(4) *Cleveland Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, Room 1339, Anthony J. Celebrezze Federal Office Building, 1240 East 9th Street, Cleveland, OH 44199.

(5) *Dallas Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, Suite 2665, 2001 Bryan Street, Dallas, TX 75201.

(6) *Denver Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, Suite 2900, 1405 Curtis Street, Denver, CO 80202.

(7) *Los Angeles Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, Room 13209, Federal Building, 11000 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, CA 90024.

(8) *New York Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, 2243-EB, Federal Building, 26 Federal Plaza, New York, NY 10007.

(9) *San Francisco Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, 450 Golden Gate Avenue, Box 36005, San Francisco, CA 94102. Field Station: Federal Trade Commission, Room 605, Melim Building, 333 Queen Street, Honolulu, HI 98613.

(10) *Seattle Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, 28th Floor, Federal Building, 915 Second Avenue, Seattle, WA 98174.

(11) *Washington, D.C. Regional Office.* Federal Trade Commission, 6th Floor, Gelman Building, 2120 L Street N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037.

(c) Each of the regional offices is supervised by a Regional Director, who is available for conferences with attorneys, consumers, and other members of the public on matters relating to the Commission's activities.

(Sec. 6(g), 38 Stat. 721 (15 U.S.C. 46); 80 Stat. 383, as amended (5 U.S.C. 552).)

Because the amendments pertain to matters of agency organization and procedures, the relevant provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553) requiring notice of proposed rulemaking, opportunity for public participation, and delay in effective date are inapplicable.

By direction of the Commission dated December 7, 1976.

JAMES A. TOBIN,
Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.76-36558 Filed 12-13-76;8:45 am]

PART 2—NONADJUDICATIVE PROCEDURES

PART 3—RULES OF PRACTICE FOR ADJUDICATIVE PROCEEDINGS

Delegation of Authority

Pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 552 (a)(1)(B), and in consideration of the recommendations of the Administrative Conference of the United States published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on July 19, 1976, (41 FR 29653, 1 CFR 305.76-2), for strengthening the information and notice-giving functions of the Federal Register, the Commission announces the following amendments to Parts 2 and 3 of 16 CFR Chapter I, effective December 14, 1976. The amendments reflect delegations of authority by the Commission.

Because the amendments pertain to matters of agency policy and procedures, the relevant provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 553) requiring notice of proposed rulemaking, opportunity for public participation, and delay in effective date are inapplicable.

1. The title of Subpart A of Part 2 is amended to read as follows:

Subpart A—Inquiries; Investigations; Compulsory Processes

2. Section 2.7(a) is amended by adding the following sentence:

§ 2.7 Subpoena in investigations.

(a) * * *

Specifically, the subpoena power conferred by section 329 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6299) is included within this delegation.

3. Paragraph (a) of § 2.12 is amended to read as follows:

§ 2.12 Reports.

(a) The Commission may issue an order requiring a person, partnership, or corporation to file a report or answers in writing to specific questions relating to any matter under investigation, study or survey, or under any of the Commission's reporting programs.

4. Paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of § 2.12 are redesignated as paragraphs (d), (e) and (f), and new paragraphs (b) and (c) are added to read as follows:

(b) The Assistant Director for Financial Statistics, Bureau of Economics, pursuant to delegation of authority by the Commission, without power of redelegation, is authorized to issue, in the name of the Commission, all orders to file special reports in the form approved by the Commission and notices of default under the Commission's quarterly financial reporting program.

(c) The Directors, Deputy Directors, and Assistant Directors of the Bureaus of Competition, Consumer Protection, and Economics, and the Regional Directors and Assistant Regional Directors of the Commission's regional offices, pursuant to delegation of authority by the Commission, without power of redelegation, are authorized, for good cause shown, to extend the time prescribed for compliance with orders requiring reports or answers to questions issued during the investigation, study or survey of any matter or in connection with any of the Commission's reporting programs.

5. Section 2.13 is revised to read as follows:

§ 2.13 Noncompliance with compulsory processes.

(a) In cases of failure to comply with Commission compulsory processes, appropriate action may be intiated by the Commission or the Attorney General, including actions for enforcement, forfeiture, or penalties or criminal actions.

(b) The General Counsel, pursuant to delegation of authority by the Commission, without power of redelegation, is authorized

(1) To institute, on behalf of the Commission, an enforcement proceeding in connection with the failure or refusal of a person, partnership, or corporation to comply with, or to obey, a subpoena, if the return date or any extension thereof has passed;

(2) To institute enforcement proceedings on behalf of the Commission and to request on behalf of the Commission the institution of civil actions, as appropriate, in conjunction with the Commission's quarterly financial reporting program, if the return date or any extension thereof has passed;

(3) To approve and have prepared and issued, in the name of the Commission when deemed appropriate by the General Counsel, a notice of default in connection with the failure of a person, partnership, or corporation to timely file a report pursuant to section 6(b) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, if the return date or any extension thereof has passed;

(4) To institute, on behalf of the Commission, an enforcement proceeding and to request, on behalf of the Commission, the institution, when deemed appropriate by the General Counsel, of a civil action in connection with the failure of a person, partnership, or corporation to timely file a report pursuant to an