has ordered the issuance of the complaint in the form contemplated by the agreement, made its jurisdictional findings and entered its order to cease and desist, as set forth in the proposed consent agreement, in disposition of this proceeding.

The prohibited trade practices and/or corrective actions, as codified under 16 CFR Part 13, are as follows: Subpart-Combining or Conspiring: § 13.384 Combining or conspiring; § 13.388 To control allocations and solicitation of customers; § 13.395 To control marketing practices and conditions; § 13.435 To fix prices through patent license agreements; § 13.450 To limit distribution or dealing to regular, established or acceptable channels or classes; § 13.470 To restrain or monopolize trade. Subpart-Corrective Actions and/or Requirements: § 13.533 Corrective actions and/or requirements; § 13.533–43 Grant license(s). Subpart-Using Patents, Rights or Privileges Unlawfully: § 13.2485 Using patents, rights or privileges unlawfully.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; (15 U.S.C. 46). Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; sec. 7, 38 Stat. 731, as amended; (15 U.S.C. 45, 18))

Carol M. Thomas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-19710 Filed 6-30-80; 8:45 am]

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16 CFR Part 13

[Docket No. C-3020]

Hooper Holmes, Inc.; Prohibited Trade Practices, and Affirmative Corrective Actions

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Final order.

SUMMARY: In settlement of alleged violations of federal law prohibiting unfair acts and practices and unfair methods of competition, this consent order requires, among other things, a Basking Ridge, N.J. firm, through its Credit Index Division, a consumer reporting and collection agency, to cease violating federal credit laws by failing to maintain reasonable procedures designed so as to ensure that reports are furnished only for lawful purposes and assure the maximum accuracy of reported information. In its role as a debt collector, the agency is required to include in collection communications prescribed notices informing consumers of their rights under federal credit laws. Consumers requesting information in their credit files have to be provided with a copy of this information. Additionally, the agency is required to mail to its subscribers, each year for a five year period, a prescribed notice informing them of their statutory obligations.

DATES: Complaint and order issued June 11, 1980.[1]

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Leroy Richie, Director, 8R, New York Regional Office, Federal Trade Commission, 2243–EB Federal Bldg., 26 Federal Plaza, New York, N.Y. 10007. (212) 264–1207.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On Monday, April 7, 1980, there was published in the **Federal Register**, 45 FR 23466, a proposed consent agreement with analysis In the Matter of Hooper Holmes, Inc., a corporation through its Credit Index Division, for the purpose of soliciting public comment. Interested parties were given sixty (60) days in which to submit comments, suggestions or objections regarding the proposed form of order.

No comments having been received, the Commission has ordered the issuance of the complaint in the form contemplated by the agreement, made its jurisdictional findings and entered its order to cease and desist, as set forth in the proposed consent agreement, in disposition of this proceeding.

The prohibited trade practices and/or corrective actions, as codified under 16 CFR Part 13, are as follows: Subpart-Coercing and Intimidating: § 13.356 Delinquent debtors. Subpart-Collecting, Assembling, Furnishing or Utilizing Consumer Reports and/or Information: § 13.382 Collecting, assembling, furnishing or utilizing consumer reports and/or information; § 13.382–1 Confidentiality, accuracy, relevancy, and proper utilization; § 13.382–1(a) Fair Credit Reporting Act; § 13.382–5 Formal regulatory and/or statutory requirements; § 13.382–5(a) Fair Credit Reporting Act. Subpart Corrective Actions and/or Requirements: § 13.533 Corrective actions and/or requirements; § 13.533–20 Disclosures; § 13.533–37 Formal regulatory and/or statutory requirements. Subpart-Enforcing Dealings or Payments Wrongfully: § 13.1045 Enforcing dealings or payments wrongfully. Subpart-Failing To Comply With Affirmative Statutory Requirements: § 13.1048 Failing to comply with affirmative statutory requirements; § 13.1048–10 Fair Credit Reporting Act. Subpart-Neglecting, Unfairly or Deceptively, To Make Material Disclosure: § 13.1852 Formal regulatory and statutory requirements; § 13.1852–60 Fair Credit Reporting Act; § 13.1895 Scientific or other relevant facts.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; (15 U.S.C. 46). Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 84 Stat. 1128–36; (15 U.S.C. 1681–1681t))

Carol M. Thomas,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 80-19711 Filed 6-30-80; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750-01-M

[1] Copies of the Complaint, and Decision and Order filed with the original document.

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16 CFR Parts 300, 301, and 303

Regulation Under Specific Acts of Congress; Amendments

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: On May 5, 1980, an Act to amend the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, was approved, (Pub. L. 96–242, 94 Stat. 344). The Act defines the term "recycled wool" and directs the use of this term for labeling in lieu of the previously defined terms "reprocessed wool" and "reused wool." As a consequence, the Rules and Regulations as issued by the Federal Trade Commission under the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, must be amended to reflect this Congressional change in the law. Minor amendments are also needed to correct references to these terms in the Rules and Regulations issued by the Federal Trade Commission under the Fur Products Labeling Act and the Textile Fiber Products Identification Act. This notice amends all references in the regulations to "reprocessed wool" and "reused wool" to read "recycled wool."

EFFECTIVE DATE: These amendments are effective on July 4, 1980.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Earl W. Johnson, 202–724–1362, Attorney, Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D.C. 20580.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939 (Public No. 850, 76th Cong. 3d Sess., 15 Stat. 1128, 15 U.S.C. 68 et. seq.) defined the terms "reprocessed wool" and "reused wool" and directed the use of these terms in the labeling of wool products. The Federal Trade Commission issued rules and regulations to implement this Act effective July 15, 1941 (16 CFR Part 300). Congress has recently amended the Wool Act, eliminating the two terms "reprocessed" and "reused," and defining the new term "recycled wool" to be used in their stead. (Pub. L. 96–242, 94 Stat. 344, approved May 5, 1980. The original Wool Act defined the term "reprocessed wool" as:

". . . the resulting fiber when wool has been woven or felted into a wool product