

Commissioner Elman dissents on the ground that there is no "established public policy of the United States" that requires the Commission to expend its limited resources on this kind of case.

IN THE MATTER OF
ADVANCE JUNIOR, INC., ET AL.

ORDER, ETC., IN REGARD TO THE ALLEGED VIOLATION OF THE
FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION AND THE FLAMMABLE FABRICS ACTS

Docket C-133. Complaint, May 8, 1962—Decision, July 9, 1965

Order vacating consent order and dismissing complaint of May 8, 1962, 60 F.T.C. 1127, which required New York City importers to cease violating the Flammable Fabrics Act by importing, manufacturing, and selling dresses so highly flammable as to be dangerous to wearer, and by furnishing guaranties that such dresses were not dangerously flammable.

ORDER REOPENING AND VACATING ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST

The Commission on May 6, 1965, having issued its order to show cause why its order to cease and desist dated May 8, 1962 [60 F.T.C. 1127], should not be vacated, and

Respondents having failed to file an answer to said order to show cause within the period specified by the Commission's Rules, and

The Commission, for the reasons set forth in its order to show cause, being of the opinion that its order to cease and desist of May 8, 1962, should in the public interest be vacated.

It is ordered, That the Commission's order to cease and desist dated May 8, 1962 [60 F.T.C. 1127], be, and it hereby is, vacated and the complaint dismissed.
